

October 15, 2025
NFHS Field Hockey Weekly Rule Interpretations
Rule References: 8-1p – Obstruction

Rule Language

8-1p —Obstruction occurs when:

- 1. A player moves or interposes the body or stick, keeping an opponent from attempting to play the ball:
- 2. A player shields the ball with the stick or any part of the body;
- 3. A third player takes a position between an opponent and the ball to the payers teammate has an opportunity to play the ball;
 - a. NOTE: The following principles apply to obstruction: 1) A stationary, receiving player maybe facing any direction. 2) Once a player receives the ball, the player may move away in any direction (without body contact with the tackler) or pass/deflect the ball. 3) The responsibility is with the tackler to move around the receiver to attempt a legitimate tackle.

Interpretation

Obstruction occurs when a player intentionally prevents an opponent from accessing or playing the ball, either through body positioning or stick placement. Officials must distinguish between:

- Legal shielding protecting the ball while allowing the opponent an opportunity to play.
- Illegal obstruction deliberately denying an opponent the chance to play the ball.

Obstruction can be committed by attackers or defenders. Both must be penalized consistently to maintain fair play.

GAME SCENARIO: Team A forward has possession near the circle. A Team B defender positions their body between the attacker and the goal, without attempting to play the ball, preventing the forward from shooting. The official awards a free hit to Team A from the spot of the obstruction. If the official deems the obstruction is deliberate or repeated, they can issue a misconduct penalty (green or yellow card depending on severity). **RULING:** Correct Procedure **COMMENT:** This interpretation reinforces fair play and safety:

- Obstruction restricts the opponent's ability to compete for the ball fairly.
- Applying the free hit ensures the offended team has its rightful opportunity.
- Misconduct penalties deter repeated or intentional obstruction.

Points of Emphasis for Officials and Coaches

- Watch for players blocking access to the ball with body or stick.
- Distinguish legal shielding from illegal obstruction.
- Repeated obstruction may escalate to a green, yellow, or red card.